

1	JOSEPH C. CHRISMAN (State Bar No. 50283)
2	JOSEPH C. CHRISMAN (State Bar No. 50283) JChrisman@hathawaylawfirm.com HATHAWAY PERRETT WEBSTER POWERS CHRISMAN & GUTIERREZ
3	5450 Telegraph Road #200 Ventura, CA 93003
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5	Attorney for Cross-Defendant THE WOOD-CLAEYSSENS FOUNDATION
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JOINDER IN THE CITY OF SAN BUENAVENTURA'S OPPOSITION AND SUPPLEMENTAL OPPOSITION TO THE CITY OF OJAI'S MOTION FOR JUDGMENT ON THE PLEADINGS

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The Wood-Claeyssens Foundation ("Foundation"), the largest agricultural producer of groundwater in the Ventura watershed, hereby joins in the City of San Buenaventura's ("Ventura") Opposition and Supplemental Opposition to the City of Ojai's ("Ojai") Motion for Judgment on the Pleadings ("Motion"). The Foundation also argues separately to address Ojai's contentions regarding its allegation that this Court lacks subject matter jurisdiction to address inter-basin issues within a common watershed as well as the role of the Ojai Basin Groundwater Management Authority ("OBGMA"), including its potential adoption of a Groundwater Sustainability Plan ("GSP") for the Ojai Groundwater Basin ("Basin") under the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (See Ojai Memorandum of Points & Authorities ("Memo."), pp. 12-15.) Finally, the Foundation challenges the procedural integrity of the Motion on various grounds.

T. INTRODUCTION

Ojai argues that Ventura's Third Amended Cross-Complaint ("TACC") and its nine causes of action, including the imposition of a physical solution, *must be* dismissed because: (i) the Comprehensive Adjudication Statute ("CAS") (Code Civil Proc., §830 et seq.) established an exclusive procedure that precludes an inter-basin determination of rights and remedies within a common watershed and (ii) the TACC is otherwise preempted by the legislature's creation of the OBGMA (Water Code Appendix § 401 et seq.) and its subsequent designation of OBGMA as a Groundwater Sustainability Agency under the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act. ("SGMA")

The dispositive response is that there is no judicial authority for these propositions. Determining the rights and remedies among basins within a common watershed is a feature of California common law, expressly preserved by the CAS and by the constitutional origin and purpose of the physical solution remedy. A "physical solution" remedy is available to concurrently address all water rights within the watershed, provided that they connected by the common res. This court's constitutionally derived authority and duties may not be limited by statute.

Ojai further contends the relief sought through the TACC (1) "would impermissibly interfere" with OBGMA's "exclusive authority" over the Basin; and, (2) the Court cannot enter a

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judgment and physical solution in this case until OBGMA adopts, and the Department of Water Resources ("DWR") approves, the GSP for the Basin. (Memo., p. 1.) These arguments dramatically overstate OBGMA's legislative charter as a special purpose agency with none of the preemptive effect ascribed to it by Ojai. Nothing in the OBGMA enabling legislation (Wat. Code. App., § 131-101 et seq.) ("OBGMA Act"), SGMA (Wat. Code, § 10720 et seq.), or the CAS (Code Civ. Proc., § 830 et seq.) limits the relief that may be granted under the TACC to impose a physical solution among water right holders sharing the benefit of the common supply within an entire watershed.

Finally, for the reasons set forth below Ojai's arguments are also procedurally improper as they are based upon matters that are outside the scope of the TACC, and request relief that may not be granted in a ruling on a motion for judgment on the pleadings.

II. THIS COURT HAS JURISDICTION TO DETERMINE INTER-BASIN OBLIGATIONS AMONG COMPETING DEMANDS TO A COMMON WATER SUPPLY AND TO IMPOSE A PHYSICAL SOLUTION.

Ojai contends that the CAS requires that groundwater adjudications must proceed one basin at a time and thus concludes there is no subject matter jurisdiction for this court to consider inter-basin obligations and no remedy for downstream water right holders to pursue inter-basin relief. They contend this is the logical construction of the CAS because it was intended to be the "exclusive" means to obtain a comprehensive adjudication and they construe the singular form of the word "basin" as used within the CAS to preclude an action involving plural "basins". However, they do not explain why the CAS, which expressly preserved the common law (Code Civ. Proc., §§830(b)(1) and 830(b)(7)) leaves downstream groundwater rights without a remedy to address pumping in the upper tributary basins that causes downstream injury.

Ojai's one-basin-at-a-time theory is a pretty startling departure from California common law right of downstream users to address impacts arising from upstream uses. A prominent example of downstream surface and groundwater users securing inter-basin relief is provided by Orange County Water District v. Riverside where the Court of Appeal took up downstream

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claims brought by *surface and groundwater users* on the Santa Ana River against upstream diverters reducing the flow of surface and groundwater available for use.

> This gradual lowering of the general water table in the basin may not, for a considerable number of years, be reflected at all times, even though it will be reflected for part of the time in diminished surface flow or underground percolations over the lip of the gap in the dike, for thither all water that does not sink beyond the level of the lip must find its way. But for all of that, if the withdrawals of water from the basin in excess of replenishment of the voids so created, are allowed indefinitely to continue, it is a mere question of time when they must be reflected in a permanent and continuous decreased spilling from an upper basin into the one next to it and so on, slowly but surely, all the way down the stream. To allow the development of such a condition would be repugnant to the whole water policy of the state, and it is the duty of a court of equity, when its powers are properly invoked, to take such measures as are reasonably necessary to prevent it. (Orange County Water District v. Riverside (1959) 173 Cal.App.2d 137, 213-214 [emphasis added].)1

Over the course of the next decade, the Court of Appeal continued to resolve disputes among Upper, Middle and Lower basin users tributary to the Santa Ana River, finding that the rights of overlying landowners in Orange County were entitled to protection against diversions in the upper tributary basins. (See Orange County Water District v. Riverside (1961) 188 Cal.App.2d 566, 593; Chino v. Superior Court of Orange County (1967) 255 Cal.App.2d 747, 755 [riparian and overlying owners may assert claims against upper users]).

This precedent was acknowledged and applauded in *Central Basin Municipal Water Dist*. v. Fossette (1965) 235 Cal.App.2d 689, when the Court of Appeal approved a physical solution to establish boundary obligations between the Upper and Lower Reaches of the San Gabriel River system. The determination of individual rights among the individual holders was expressly reserved, with the court applauding the adoption of a physical solution. (Id. at 699-700.) In point of fact, the Court's duty and authority under Article X, section 2 of the California Constitution could not be limited by the Legislature even if that was its intention.² Of course, however, the Legislature intended no such thing. (Code Civ. Proc., § 849(a) ["The court shall have the

² For example, an action by the Legislature to extinguish constitutionally protected riparian rights for nonuse was itself, unconstitutional. (Tulare Irrigation District v. Lindsay-Strathmore *Irrigation Dist.* (1935) 3 Cal.2d 489, 529-531.)

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authority and the duty to impose a physical solution on the parties in a comprehensive adjudication where necessary and consistent with Article 2 of Section X of the California Constitution."]; City of Lodi v. East Bay Municipal Util. Dist. (1936) 7 Cal.2d 316, 341; Tulare Irrigation Dist. v. Lindsay-Strathmore Irrigation Dist. (1935) 3 Cal.2d 489, 574-575; City of Barstow v. Mojave Water Agency (2000) 23 Cal.4th 1224, 1250.)

The Motion also argues that by establishing the OBGMA, the OBGMA acquired the "exclusive authority to manage the groundwater within the" Basin and that authority prevents the Court from adopting a physical solution in this litigation. (Motion, pp. 12-14.) The Motion, however, omits entirely any mention of the express provisions in the OBGMA Act that allow for the adjudication of groundwater rights in the Basin and the imposition of a physical solution.

Section 102 of the OBGMA Act defines the bounds of OBGMA's authority, stating it has the powers expressly granted by the Act, and those "powers reasonably implied and necessary and proper to carry out the purposes of the agency." (Wat. Code App. § 131-102.) The OBGMA Act, however, did not include within these powers the authority to determine or modify groundwater rights. (People v. Roberts (2010) 184 Cal. App. 4th 1149, 1176 ["The language is construed in the context of the statute as a whole and the overall statutory scheme, and courts give significance to every word, phrase, sentence and part of an act in pursing the legislative purpose."]; People v. Vargas (1985) 175 Cal.App.3d 271, 277 [specific statute controls over general statute].) Rather, the OBGMA Act expressly provides for a court's adjudication of those rights:

> This act does not abrogate or impair the overlying or appropriative rights of landowners or existing appropriators within the agency, including the right to seek an adjudication of those rights, or abrogate or impair the jurisdiction of the California Public Utilities Commission.

(Wat. Code App., § 131-403; see also Wat. Code App., § 131-408 [OBGMA may "intervene in" or "defend" actions involving "groundwater, including, but not limited to, groundwater rights adjudication"].)³ The City offers no explanation why litigation among

³ The OBGMA Act defines "groundwater rights adjudication" as "the determination of substantially all rights in the basin or the area subject to the adjudication. (Wat. Code App., § 131-315.)

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groundwater users within the Basin is permissible but downstream litigants would be without a remedy to pursue relief against users within the Basin.

Further, while the meaning of section 403 is clear from its plain language, the legislature's intent to preserve the possibility of the adjudication of the basin's groundwater rights is confirmed by the Act's legislative history. (See Riverview Fire Protection Dist. v. Workers' Comp. Appeals Bd. (1994) 23 Cal. App. 4th 1120, 1127 [looking into legislative history despite unambiguous language of the statute.].) The Act's language providing that it does not "abrogate or impair the overlying or appropriative rights of landowners or existing appropriators ... including the right to seek an adjudication of those rights," has remained consistent since the bill's first amendment in 1991 (Foundation's Request for Judicial Notice in support of Joinder filed concurrently ("Foundation RJN"), Exh. B at pp. 11, 33, 57, 76, 97 and Exh. C at p. 9) and is repeatedly noted as a prominent feature of the Act throughout its history (*Id.* at Exh. B, pp. 129, 157, 166, 168, 170, 506).

The Motion argues that the OBGMA has "exclusive authority" to manage the Basin's groundwater as a result of the management powers granted to it by the Act (Wat. Code App., § 131-701 et seq.), quasi-legislative authority (*Id.* at § 404), and "charge" (i.e., fee) authority (*Id.* at §§ 901 et seq., 1101 et seq.). (Memo, p. 12.) However, the OBGMA Act nowhere includes the word "exclusive" or states that OBGMA is the only agency with groundwater management authority within the Basin. (Doe v. City of Los Angeles (2007) 42 Cal.4th 531, 545 ["[I]n construing this, or any statute, we may not broaden or narrow the scope of the provision by reading into it language that does not appear in it or reading out of it language that does."].)

In fact, the OBGMA Act prohibits OBGMA from undertaking activities within the Basin that are "normally and historically undertaken" by another entity, like the "construction and operation of dams, spreading grounds, pipelines, flood control facilities, groundwater wells, and water distribution facilities . . . without the prior written consent of those entities," and restricts OBGMA to "monitoring, planning, managing, controlling, preserving, and regulating the

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extraction and use of groundwater within" its boundaries. (Wat. Code App., § 131-402(b).)⁴ In short, the OBGMA Act acknowledges that OBGMA – at best - shares authority to manage the Basin's waters supplies with other agencies—an interpretation to the contrary would add language to the Act that does not currently exist, and render sections in the statute surplusage. (Mendoza v. Nordstrom, Inc. (2017) 2 Cal.5th 1074, 1087 [a statute should not be interpreted to render its provisions surplusage].)⁵

The Motion also fails to acknowledge SGMA's impact on OBGMA's authority within the Ojai Basin. While SGMA deems OBGMA the exclusive groundwater sustainability agency ("GSA") for the portions of the Basin within its statutory boundaries, it also provides that OBGMA may opt out of this responsibility and another local agency may elect to become the GSA for the Basin. (Wat. Code, § 10723(b), (c).) Further, SGMA provides DWR review and evaluation authority over the development of the GSP for the Basin (Wat. Code, §§ 10733, 10733.4, 10733.8), and the California State Water Resources Control Board may intervene in the management of the Basin if necessary by, among other things, developing a physical solution for the Basin (Wat. Code, §§ 10735.4, 10735.6, 10735.8). In short, neither the OBGMA Act nor SGMA provide the OBGMA "exclusive authority" over management of the Basin's groundwater resources.

Finally, while the Motion argues a physical solution will conflict with or contradict OBGMA's authority, Ojai cannot produce any evidence of such conflict or contradiction. (See Memo., pp. 13-14.) The contents of any potential physical solution are not before this Court as part of the Motion—as discussed above, they *cannot* be—or at this stage of the litigation.

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⁴ From a practical perspective, OBGMA cannot be considered to have been granted "exclusive" authority" over the management of the Basin. OBGMA's operating budget is insignificant (\$142,022 for the 2017/2018 fiscal year) and staff is comprised of a part-time office assistant who also acts in the capacity of secretary and treasurer, and one technical professional serving as manager at least part time. (Foundation RJN, Exh. A at p. 29.) Furthermore, OBGMA has yet to undertake any significant groundwater management activities and acknowledges that implementation of its recommended actions are on a voluntary basis. (*Id.* at pp. 21, 23.)

⁵ Notably, the County of Ventura retains permitting authority over all groundwater wells within the unincorporated portions of the County, including those within the Basin. (See County Code, § 4813.)

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As to Ojai's argument that a physical solution will usurp OBGMA's statutory authority, this has already been resolved in California American Water v. City of Seaside (2010) 183 Cal.App.4th 471 ("Seaside"). There, the Court rejected a special act district's argument with a much more extensive and comprehensive authority than the OBGMA, that the trial court's implementation of a physical solution violated the separation of powers doctrine. Instead the Court held, that the physical solution properly resulted from the Court's constitutional requirement to "maximize the reasonable and beneficial use of [w]ater resources" and protect the public's interest in sustainable groundwater use. (*Id.* at 474.) The Court rejected both the district's claim that it had been granted exclusive authority to regulate groundwater pumping within the basin and its argument that the creation of a watermaster would conflict with its statutory authority. (Id. at 476 ["Clearly the [L]egislature contemplated that courts had the power to develop management plans for aquifer management even if a water management district already existed in a geographical area."]; ["Should the powers of the Watermaster overlap those of the MPWMD, the court would, under its retained jurisdiction, be in a position to resolve any resulting conflict."].) These same arguments now put forth by Ojai are similarly resolved.

Ojai's attempt to distinguish the *Seaside* case from this litigation is unpersuasive. Its argument that Seaside does not apply because it did not originally request the physical solution or otherwise concede to the Court's authority over the Basin lacks merit—the Court's "affirmative duty to suggest a physical solution where necessary" and "power to enforce such solution" does not require OBGMA's authorization or agreement. (Id. at 480.) Further, the Court's constitutional requirement to consider a physical solution in this case does not depend upon whether OBGMA itself is a party to the litigation. (Motion, p. 13.) "The state has a definite interest in seeing that none of the valuable waters from any of the streams of the state should go to waste" regardless of whether OBGMA declares itself a party to this case, as it is the Court who has the authority to determine water rights, not the agency. (Seaside, supra, 183 Cal. App. 4th at 480, citing Rancho Santa Margarita v. Vail (1938) 11 Cal.2d 501, 560.) Ojai's argument that Seaside cannot apply because it preceded the CAS is not compelling as the statute explicitly states that it shall be

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applied and interpreted to "protect water rights consistent with Section 2 of Article X of the California Constitution" and that it "shall not alter groundwater rights or the law concerning groundwater rights." (Code Civ. Proc. §§ 830(b)(1), (b)(7).)

Finally, the Motion argues that the Court may not "impose a physical solution before OBGMA adopts, and DWR approves, the GSP for the Ojai Basin." (Memo., pp. 14-15.) Again, Ojai fails to acknowledge relevant provisions of the law as both SGMA and the Comprehensive Groundwater Adjudication Statute expressly provide the Court the authority to adopt a physical solution in this case despite OBGMA's development of a GSP.

SGMA expressly provides that neither SGMA itself nor groundwater management undertaken thereunder "determines or alters surface water rights or groundwater rights under common law." (Wat. Code, § 10720.5(b).) Rather, the determination of groundwater rights is left to the judiciary. (Wat. Code, §§ 10720.5(c), 10737; see also Code Civ. Proc., § 830 et seq.) The statute then defines procedures for an adjudication to take place contemporaneously with or in lieu of the SGMA process: (1) Water Code section 10737.2 states the Court must manage proceedings in a manner that minimizes interference with the timely completion and implementation of a GSP, avoids redundancy and unnecessary costs "in the development of technical information and a physical solution," and is consistent with the attainment of sustainable groundwater management; (2) Water Code section 10737.4 states a judgment entered in a groundwater adjudication may satisfy SGMA's GSP requirement if DWR "determines the judgment satisfies the objectives of this part for the basin;" and (3) Water Code section 10737.8 permits a Court to enter judgment in a groundwater adjudication for a basin that is required to have a GSP so long as "the court finds that the judgment will not substantially impair the ability of the groundwater sustainability agency, the board, or the department to comply with this part and to achieve sustainable groundwater management." In sum, SGMA clearly provides for this Court to enter a physical solution in this case at any time during OBGMA's development of the GSP for the Basin.

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The provisions of the CAS exist in harmony with SGMA in this regard. (See, e.g., Code Civ. Proc., § 830(b)(4).) Relevant here, the statute states that the Court "has the authority and the duty to impose a physical solution on the parties in a comprehensive adjudication where necessary and consistent with Article 2 of Section X of the California Constitution." (Code Civ. Proc., § 849(a).) But, before doing so, the Court must "consider any existing groundwater sustainability plan or program." (Code Civ. Proc., § 849(b).) Accordingly, the CAS also provides for the prosecution of this litigation and the adoption of a physical solution by this Court at any time before or during the SGMA process, up to the point that a GSP is fully adopted.

The Motion misinterprets these provisions and argues that: "while this SGMA process is underway, the court must not consider a physical solution, require the parties to present duplicative and contradictory technical information, or take other steps in this litigation that would interfere with the OBGMA's statutorily-exclusive status for managing the Ojai Basin and developing the required Groundwater Sustainability Plan." (Memo., p. 15.) However, as discussed above, there is no provision in SGMA or the CAS that prevents the Court from considering a physical solution at any time during OBGMA's development of a GSP for the Basin. Further, the Motion fails to cite to any evidence supporting its claim that the litigation is interfering with or duplicating OBGMA's efforts to develop the GSP. (See, e.g., *In re Marriage* of Pasco (2019) 42 Cal. App. 5th 585, 591-92 [Declarations, briefs, and other unsworn statements by counsel are arguments, not evidence]; In re Heather H. (1988) 200 Cal. App. 3d 91, 95 ["[U]nsworn testimony does not constitute "evidence" within the meaning of the Evidence Code.]; In re Zeth S. (2003) 31 Cal.4th 396, 416 ["It is axiomatic that the unsworn statements of counsel are not evidence."].) This is especially true as this phase of the litigation does not pertain to the contents of the physical solution, and the completion of the GSP is over two years away. (Memo., p. 15.) Finally, and perhaps most notably, OBGMA has been notified of this litigation and has the right to intervene in this suit to protect its interests, but has yet to do so. (Code Civ. Proc., §§ 835, 837(a).)

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III. THE MOTION IS PROCEDURALLY IMPROPER

Under the Code of Civil Procedure, a motion for judgment on the pleadings by Ojai may challenge two issues: (a) whether the Court has "jurisdiction of the subject of the cause of action alleged in the" TACC; or (b) whether the TACC "does not state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action against" Ojai. (Code Civ. Proc., § 438(c)(1)(B).) The purpose of this review is to determine the sufficiency of the TACC, not resolve issues that do not appear on the face of the pleading. (Code Civ. Proc., § 438(d); *Ion Equipment Corp. v. Nelson* (1980) 110 Cal.App.3d 868, 881 [denying general demurrer for raising issues not alleged in the complaint]; *Schabarum v. California Legislature* (1998) 60 Cal.App.4th 1205, 1216 [standard for motion for judgment on the pleadings is the same as that applicable to a general demurrer]; *Donabedian v. Mercury Ins. Co.* (2004) 116 Cal.App.4th 968, 994 ["[T]he limited role of a demurrer" is "to test the legal sufficiency of a complaint."].) The Motion's arguments exceed this restricted scope of review for a motion or judgment on the pleadings; it argues claims that do not appear on the face of the TACC and may not be judicially noticed, and it requests relief that may not be afforded in a ruling on the Motion. For that reason alone, the Motion must be denied.

A. The Motion Cannot Argue the Merits of Any Potential Physical Solution

The Motion requests the Court issue judgment in its favor because the TACC's requested imposition of a physical solution "will impinge upon OBGMA's existing and exclusive" authority to manage groundwater in the Basin. (Memo., pp. 12-14.) This argument, however, does not challenge the sufficiency of the TACC, as the pleading does not allege facts concerning any potential physical solution's relationship with the OBGMA. Rather, the TACC merely requests imposition of a physical solution as a remedy in the litigation:

139. The physical solution doctrine imposes a duty on this Court to resolve competing claims to water by cooperatively satisfying the reasonable and beneficial needs of each user while protecting the substantial enjoyment of their prior rights. A physical solution can achieve this result by: compelling non-flow related improvements for the protection of public trust resources thereby preserving and protecting water supply for domestic use, the highest and best use, and for irrigation use, the next highest and best use (Water code section 106); augmenting the Watershed's water supply; and imposing other measures. The physical solution is a practical way

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of fulfilling the mandate of the California Constitution (article X, section 2) that the water resources of the State be put to use to the fullest extent of which they are capable.

140. Further, the Code of Civil Procedure authorizes the comprehensive adjudication of groundwater rights, including interconnected surface waters, and the imposition of physical solution. Cal. Civ. Proc. Code §§ 830-852.

141. Accordingly, City seeks a physical solution among City and Cross-Defendants regarding their respective uses of surface and/or surface water and groundwater affecting the Ventura River.

(TACC, 1 139-141; see also TACC, p. 73 [prayer for relief].) In other words, this Court cannot decide whether any potential physical solution will "impinge upon" or conflict with OBGMA's authority because there are no allegations defining the terms of any potential physical solution in the TACC—specifically, the TACC contains no allegations relating to any "management committee" or the fees that might be imposed pursuant to a physical solution. (See Memo., pp. 13-14.)

Furthermore, this argument is not relevant to the current phase of this litigation, which seeks to define the boundaries of the Ventura River Watershed ("Watershed") and the groundwater basins within the Watershed, and determine the interconnection between surface water and groundwater in the Watershed. (November 1, 2021 Notice of Phase 1 Trial Issues [defining Ventura and Ojai's interpretation of the scope of the Phase 1 trial].) The Motion's arguments concern future phases of trial and hypothetical remedies that may be afforded in those phases. Such arguments are beyond the scope of the TACC and attempt to distract the Court from the question at hand.

B. The TACC Does Not Plead Facts Pertaining to the GSP

The Motion also argues that judgment in Ojai's favor is proper because "OBGMA is currently developing" a GSP for the Basin, and while this process is underway, "the court must not consider a physical solution, require the parties to present duplicative and contradictory technical information, or take other steps in this litigation that would interfere with" the development of the GSP. (Memo., p. 15.) Again, this argument improperly expands beyond the scope of what the Court may consider in its ruling on the Motion. (*Ion Equipment Corp.*, *supra*,

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110 Cal.App.3d at 881.) The terms of any potential eventual proposed physical solution are not presently before the Court in this Motion; the TACC merely alleges the need for a physical solution, and there is no evidence these allegations have or will "interfere" or "conflict" with the development of the GSP.

C. The Motion Requests Relief That May Not Be Afforded on a Motion for Judgment on the Pleadings

Finally, the Motion argues that "Ventura's request to impose a physical solution to the Ojai Basin at this time conflicts with Code of Civil Procedure section 849." (Memo., p. 15.) This argument is not supported by the language of section 849 itself. Initially, the Motion is limited to adjudicating whether the TACC states facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action against Ojai, or whether the Court has jurisdiction over the matters. Code of Civil Procedure section 849 has no bearing on either of these issues—it provides the Court with the authority to impose a physical solution in this matter, and requires the Court to consider any "existing" GSP before doing so. Neither of these statutory provisions relate to whether the TACC alleges sufficient facts to state a cause of action against Ojai, and neither are relevant at the present stage of this litigation, especially considering there is no existing GSP for the Basin. (See Memo., p. 15. [Ojai states that completion and approval for the GSP is more than two years away].)

IV. CONCLUSION

For all the reasons discussed herein and in Ventura's Opposition, the Foundation respectfully requests that the Court deny the Motion.

Dated: January 4, 2022 BROWNSTEIN HYATT FARBER SCHRECK, LLP

By:

Scott S. Slater Bradley J. Herrema Christopher R. Guillen

Attorneys For Cross-Defendant

THE WOOD-CLAEYSSENS FOUNDATION

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PROOF OF SERVICE

I, Ivy Capili, declare:

I am a citizen of the United States and employed in Santa Barbara County, California. I am over the age of eighteen years and not a party to the within-entitled action. My business address is Brownstein Hyatt Farber Schreck, LLP, 2049 Century Park East, Suite 3550, Los Angeles, California 90067. On January 4, 2022, I served a copy of the within document(s):

> CROSS-DEFENDANT THE WOOD CLAEYSSENS FOUNDATION'S JOINDER IN CITY OF SAN BUENAVENTURA'S OPPOSITION AND SUPPLEMENTAL OPPOSITION TO THE CITY OF OJAI'S MOTION FOR JUDGMENT ON THE PLEADINGS

(BY ELECTRONIC SERVICE): By transmitting such document(s) to File & ServeXpress to the persons set forth on the attached service list. Local Rule of Court 2.10(P).
by placing the document(s) listed above in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid, the United States mail at Los Angeles, California addressed as set forth below.

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I am readily familiar with the firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. Under that practice it would be deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on that same day with postage thereon fully prepaid in the ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of the party served, service is presumed invalid if postal cancellation date or postage meter date is more than one day after date of deposit for mailing in affidavit.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct.

Executed on January 4, 2022, at Los Angeles, California.



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Service List

2		
3	COUNSEL	PARTIES
4	Shawn Hagerty Best, Best & Krieger LLP	Attorneys for Respondent and Cross- Complainant City of San Buenaventura
5	655 West Broadway, 15th Floor San Diego, CA 92101	
6	Tel: (619) 525-1300 Shawn.hagerty@bbklaw.com	
7	Christopher M. Pisano	Attorneys for Respondent and Cross-
8	Sarah C. Foley Patrick D. Skahan	Complainant City of San Buenaventura
9	Best, Best & Krieger LLP	
10	2001 N. Main Street, Suite 390 Walnut Creek, CA 94596	
11	Tel: (925) 977-3300 Christopher.pisano@bbklaw.com	
	Sarah.foley@bbklaw.com Patrick.skahan@bbklaw.com	
12	Peter Duchesneau	Attorneys for Aera Energy, LLC
13	Sigrid R. Waggener	Attorneys for Aera Energy, ELC
14	Manatt, Phelps & Phillips, LLP One Embarcadero Center, 30 th Floor	
15	San Francisco, CA 94111 Tel.: (415) 291-7400	
16	pduchesneau@manatt.com swaggener@manatt.com	
17	Daniel Cooper	Attorneys for Petitioner and Plaintiff
18	Sycamore Law	Santa Barbara Channelkeeper
19	1004 O'Reilly Ave. San Francisco CA 94129	
20	Tel: (415) 360-2962 daniel@sycamore.law	
21	Matthew Bullock	Attorneys for Respondent and Defendant
22	Deputy Attorney General California Department of Justice Natural	State Water Resources Control Board
	Resources Law Section 455 Golden Gate Ave., Suite 11000	
23	San Francisco, CA 94102-7004	
24	Tel: (415) 510-3376 matthew.bullock@doj.ca.gov	
25		
26		
27		

- 20 -

1	~~~~~~	D. D
2	COUNSEL	PARTIES
3	Marc N. Melnick Deputy Attorney General	Attorneys for Respondent and Defendant State Water Resources Control Board
4	Attorney General's Office 1515 Clay Street, 20th Floor	
5	P.O. Box 70550 Oakland, CA 94612-0550	
6	Tel: 510-879-0750	
7	Marc.melnick@doj.ca.gov	
8	Eric M. Katz Supervising Deputy Attorney General	Attorneys for Proposed Intervenor California Department of Fish & Wildlife
	Noah Golden – Krasner Deputy Attorney General	
9	Carol Boyd Deputy Attorney General	
10	300 South Spring Street, Suite 1702 Los Angeles, CA 90013	
11	Tel. (213) 269-6343 Fax (213) 897-2802	
12	Eric.Katz@doj.ca.gov Noah.goldenrasner@doj.ca.gov	
13	Carol.boyd@doj.ca.gov	
14	Edward J. Casey Gina Angiolillo	Attorneys for Cross-Defendants Bentley Family Limited Partnership; AGR
15	Alston & Bird LLP	Breeding, Inc.; and Southern California
16	333 South Hope Street, 16th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90071	Edison Company
17	Tel: 213.576.1000 ed.casey@alston.com	
18	gina.angiolillo@alston.com	
19	Carolos A. Mejia Sophie A. Wenzlau	Attorneys for California Department of Parks and Recreation
20	Department of Justice 1300 I Street, Suite 125	
21	P.O. Box. 944255 Sacramento, CA 94244-2550	
22	Tel.: (916) 210-6379 Sophie.wenzlau@doj.ca.gov	
23	Carlos.mejia@doj.ca.gov	
24	D. Die	
25	Ryan Blatz Blatz Law Firm	Attorneys for Cross-Defendants Troy Becker and Jeri Becker; Janet Boulton;
	206 N. Signal St. Suite G Ojai, CA 93023	Michael Boulton; Michael Caldwell; Joseph Peter Clark, successor in interest to the
26	Tel: (805) 646-3110 ryan@ryanblatzlaw.com	Joseph Clark and Linda Epstein Family Trust; Linda Louise Epstein, successor in
27	blatzlawfirm@gmail.com	interest to the Joseph Clark and Linda Epstein Family Trust; Michael I. Cromer and
28		21 -

COUNSEL	PARTIES
	Jody D. Cromer; Michel A. Etchart, Trustee of the Michel A. Etchart Separate Property
	Trust, and Mark W. Etchart, Trustee of the Mark W. Etchart Sepertate Property Trust;
	Lawrence Hartmann; Ole Konig; Krotona
	Institute of Theosophy; Stephen Michtell
	and Kathleen Reid Mitchell, Trustees of the Stephen Mitchell and Byron Katie Trust;
	North Fork Springs Mutual Water Company;
	Stephen Robert Smith, Trustee of the
	Charles R. Rudd and Lola L. Rudd Trust,
	dated May 20, 2976; Shlomo Raz; Sylvia Raz; Senior Canyon Mutual Water
	Company; Siete Robles Mutual Water
	Company; Soule Park Golf Course, Ltd.;
	Telos, LLC; Victor C. Timar, Jr. Trustee
	of the Timar Family Trust; John Town;
	Trudie Town; Asquith Family Limited Partnership, Ltd.; Burgess Ranch; Cary
	Cheldin; Cynthia Daniels; Wayne Francis;
	David Friend; The Larry & Pat Hartmann
	Family Trust; The John N. Hartmann Trust;
	Gary Hirschkron; Cheryl Jensen; Lutheran Church of the Holy Cross of Ojai,
	California; Janice Sattler (Mineo); Eitan
	Sloustcher; Rogers-Cooper Memorial
	Foundation; Robert Norris (not yet
	appeared); Patricia Norris; Old Creek Road Mutual Water Company (not yet appeared);
	Margaret Vanderfin; Telos Ojai, LLC (not
	yet appeared); Jennifer Ware; The Walker Jr.
	Living Trust; David Altman, Trustee of the
	1190 El Toro Trust ; Babtiste Foundation; Sean A. Bennett and Leslie Bennett,
	Trustees of the Bennett Family Trust;
	Dwayne A. Bower and Marilyn E. Bower
	Trustees of the Bower Family Trust; Mark
	Terry Cline and Bonnie Burreson Cline, Trustees of the Mark Terry Cline and Connie
	Burreson Cline Revocable Trust; Robert R.
	Daddi and Darlene J. Daddi; Lucille A.
	Elrod, Trustee of the John and Lucille Elrod
	Family Trust; Friend's Stable & Orchard Inc. Daniel Hultgen, Trustee of the Hultgen
	Living Trust; Ojai Golf, LLC; Three Oaks,
	LLC, Erica J. Abrams, Trustee of the Erica J.
	Abrams Trust; Raul E. Alvarado and
	Hildegard M. Alvarado, Trustees of the
	Alvarado Family Trust; William Armstrong and April Nardini; Joseph Lynn Barthelemy
	and Elvira Lilly Barthelemy, Trustees of the
- 22	-

COUNSEL	PARTIES
	Joseph Lynn Barthelemy and Elvira Lilly
	Barthelemy 2002 Family Trust; James S.
	Bennett and Carolyn D. Bennett, Trustees of
	the Bennett Family Trust; Sumeet Bhatia and
	Michael McDonald; John Joseph Broesamle and Katharine Sue Broesamle, Trustees of
	the Broesamle Family Trust; Richard Aaron
	Carlson, Trustee of the Richard Aaron
	Carlson Trust and Michelle Larson, Trustee
	of the Michelle Larson Family Trust;
	Thomas D. Carver and Cynthia L. Carver;
	Dana Ceniceros, Trustee of the Dana and
	Dawn Ceniceros Revocable Living
	Trust; Deborah Lys Martin Crawford; Frank
	Clay Creasey Jr.; Debra Joy Reed, Trustee of
	The Debra Joy Reed Revocable Trust Dated November 3, 1994: Frederic Deveult: Diago
	November 3, 1994; Frederic Devault; Diana Syvertson, Trustee of the Diana Syvertson
	Living Trust; Dive Deep L.L.C.; Douglas
	Roy Parent and Ann Marie Parent; William
	Erickson; Gelb Enterprises, L.P.; Jan
	Stephen Granade and Priscilla K. Granade,
	Trustees of the Granade Family Revocable
	Living Trust; Margot J. Griswold; Brian C.
	Haase and Marie Haase, Trustees of the
	B&M Haase Trust Dated October 8, 2019;
	Thomas Lann Harper and Jadona Collier- Harper; Ojai-Jackman L.L.C.; Kevin
	Rainwater and Marianne Ratcliff; Keith M.
	Nightingale and Victoria V. Nightingale,
	Trustees of The Nightingale Family Trust;
	Heide C. Kurtz, Trustee of The Kurtz Family
	Trust Dated January 19, 2019; Randall
	Leavitt, Trustee of The Randall B. Leavitt
	2010 Trust; Edward C. Leicht and
	Jacqueline M. Leicht, Trustees of The Leicht Family 2013 Revocable Trust Dated March
	1, 2013; Paul Lepiane and Bengtson Bo;
	Robert Levin and Lisa Solinas, Trustees of
	The Levin Family Living Trust; Francis
	Longstaff and Shauna Longstaff, Trustees of
	The Longstaff Trust Dated October 11,
	2018; Mandy Macaluso, Trustee of The
	Living Trust of Mandy Macaluso; Marilyn
	Wallace, Trustee of The Marilyn Wallace Separate Property Trust; Daniel J.
	McSweeney and Yoko McSweeney;
	Wendell M. Mortensen and Laura L.
	Mortensen, Trustees of The Mortensen
	Family Revocable Trust; Timothy Jerome
	Murch and Jody Caren Murch, Trustees of
- 23	-

COUNSEL	PARTIES
COUNSEL	The Jodim Family 2007 Trust Dated July 31, 2007; Chris E. Platt and Hanh H. Platt; Robert Erickson, Trustee and Ronald Wilson; Michael D. Robertson and Kimberly A. Robertson, Trustees of The Robertson Family Trust; James P. Robie, Trustee of the Robie Family Trust; Petter Romming and Kimi Romming, Trustees; Marc Saleh, Trustee of The Saleh Family Trust; Konrad Stefan Sonnenfeld, Trustee of The Konrad Stefan Sonnenfeld Living Trust; Mark Sutherland, Trustee of The Sutherland Marital Trust; John H. Thacher and Caroline H. Thacher, Trustees of The Thacher Family Trust Dated January 2004; Gilbert G. Vondriska and Carolyn J. Vondriska, Trustees of The Vondriska Living Trust; William D. Rusin, Sr., Trustee of the William D. Rusin Sr. Revocable Trust; Oscar D. Acosta, Trustee of the Acosta Trust; Chris E. Platt and Hanh H. Plat; Deborah Lys Martin Crawford; Diane Syvertson, Trustee of the Diana Syvertson Living Trust; Erica J. Abrams, Trustee of the Erica J. Abrams Trust; Frank Clay Creasey Jr.; Frederic De Vault; Gilbert G. Vondriska and Carolyn J. Vondriska, Trustees of the Vondriska Living Trust; James P. Robie, Trustee of the Robie Family Trust; John H. Thacher and Caroline H. Thacher, Trustees of the Thacher Family Trust dated January 2004; Mandy Macaluso, Trustee of the Living Trust of Mandy Macaluso; Margot J. Griswold; Mark Sutherland, Trustee of the Sutherland Marital Trust; Randall Leavitt, Trustee of the Randall B. Leavitt 2010 Trust; Raul E. Alvarado and Hildegard M. Alvarado, trustees of the Alvarado Family Trust; Sumeet Bhatia and Michael McDonald; Timothy Jerome Murch and Jody Caren Murch, Trustees of the Jodim Family 2007 Trust dated July 31, 2007; Wendell M. Mortensen and Laura L.
	Mortensen, Trustees of the Mortensen Family Revocable Trust; Petter Romming and Kimi Romming, Trustees; William Armstrong and April Nardini; William Erickson; Rancho Sueñio, LLC

1	COLINGEL	DA DÆVEG
2	COUNSEL	PARTIES
3	William G. Short, Esq. Law Offices of William G. Short	Attorney for Cross-Defendant Robin Bernhoft
4	Post Office Box 1313 Ojai, California 93024-1313	
5	Tel: (805) 490-6399 Fax: (805) 640-1940	
6	<u>billshortesq@me.com</u>	
7	Robert N. Kwong Dennis O. La Rochelle	Attorneys for Cross-Defendant Casitas Municipal Water District
8	Arnold Larochelle Mathews Vanconas & Zirbel, LLP	
9	300 Esplanade Dr Ste 2100 Oxnard, CA 93036	
10	Tel: (805) 988-9886 rkwong@atozlaw.com	
11	Patrick Loughman	Attorneys for Cross-Defendants
12	Cristian Arrieta Lowthorp, Richards, McMillan, Miller &	Ernest Ford; Tico Mutual Water Company; and Betty Bow Withers Trust
13	Templeman 300 Esplande Drive, Suite 850 Oxnard, CA 93036	
14	Tel: 805.804.3848 Ploughman@lrmmt.com	
15	Carrieta@lrmmt.com	
16	Gregory J. Patterson Musick, Peeler & Garrett LLP	Attorneys for Cross-Defendants Robert C. Davis, Jr.; James Finch; Topa
17	2801 Townsgate Road, Suite 200 Westlake Village, CA 91362	Topa Ranch Company, LLC; The Thacher School; Thacher Creek Citrus, LLC; Ojai Oil
18	Tel.: (805) 418-3103 g.patterson@musickpeeler.com	Company; Ojai Valley School; Sharon Hamm-Booth and David Robert Hamm, Co-
19	<u>giputerson e musicipetericom</u>	Trustees of The Hamm 2004 Family Trust Dated April 29, 2004; Reeves Orchard, LLC;
20 21		and Ojai Valley Inn, Edward J. Conner, Edward J. Conner, Trustee of the Edward J.
22		Conner Trust
23	Lindsay F. Nielson Law Office of Lindsay F. Nielson	Attorneys for Cross-Defendants Meiners Oaks Water District; Ventura River
24	845 E Santa Clara Street Ventura, CA 93001	Water District; and Jean Marie Webster, Trustee of the Roger E. and Jean Marie
25	Tel: 805-658-0977 nielsonlaw@aol.com	Webster Trust
26		
27		
28		
20	- 25	, , -

1	COUNSEL	PARTIES
2	COUNSEL	FARTIES
3	Thomas E. Jeffry Debra J. Albin-Riley Arent Fox LLP	Attorneys for Cross-Defendant Community Memorial Health System
4	555 West Fifth Avenue, 48th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90013-1065	
5	(213) 629-7400 (213) 629-7401	
6	Thomas.jeffry@arentfox.com	
7	Jeffrey M. Oderman Douglas J. Dennington	Attorneys for Cross-Defendant Casitas Municipal Water District
8	Jeremy N. Jungreis Rutan & Tucker, LLP	
9	611 Anton Boulevard, Suite 1400 Costa Mesa, CA 92626-1931	
10	Tel: 714-641-5100 Fax: 714-546-9035	
11	joderman@rutan.com ddennington@rutan.com	
12	jjungreis@rutan.com	
13	Jeffrey E. Barnes Chief Assistant County Counsel	Attorneys for Cross-Defendants Ventura County Watershed Protection
14	Jason Canger Assistant County Counsel	District and County of Ventura
15	Office of Ventura County Counsel 800 South Victoria Avenue, L/C #1830	
16	Ventura, CA 93009 Tel.: (805) 654-2879	
17	Jason.canger@ventura.org	
18	Andrew Brady DLA Piper LLP (US)	Attorneys for Cross-Defendant Integritas Ojai, LLC
19	550 South Hope Street, Suite 2400 Los Angeles, CA 90071-2618	integritas Ojai, ELC
20	Tel. (213) 330-7700 Fax: (213) 330-7701	
21	andrew.brady@us.dlapiper.com	
22	Jennifer T. Buckman	Attorneys for Cross-Defendant
23	Andrew J. Ramos Holly Jacobson	City of Ojai
24	Bartkiewicz Kronick & Shanahan, PC 1011 Twenty-Second Street	
25	Sacramento, CA 95816-4907 Tel. (916) 446-4254	
26	Fax (916) 446-4018 jtb@bkslawfirm.com	
27	hjj@bkslawfirm.com ajr@bkslawfirm.com	
28		<u> </u>

1	COLINCEL	DADTHEC
2	COUNSEL	PARTIES
3	David R. Krause-Leemon Beaudoin & Krause-Leemon LLP	Attorneys for Cross-Defendant RDK Land, LLC
4	15165 Ventura Blvd., Suite 400 Sherman Oaks, CA 91403	,
5	Tel. (818) 205-2809	
	Fax (818) 788-8104 david@bk-llaw.com	
6	Eric J. Schindler	Attorneys for Cross-Defendant
7	Michelle J. Berner Kroesche Schindler LLP	Oak Haven, LLC
8	2603 Main Street, Suite 200	
9	Irvine, CA 92614 Tel. (949) 387-0495	
10	Fax (888) 588-0034 eschindler@kslaw.legal	
11	mberner@kslaw.legal	
12	Brian A. Osborne	Attorney for Cross-Defendants
	Osborne Law Firm 674 County Square Drive, Suite 308	Brian A. Osborne; Ronald W. Rood and Susan B. Rood, Trustees of the Rood Family
13	Ventura, CA 93003 Tel. (805) 642-9283	Trust
14	Fax (805) 642-7054 osbornelawyer@gmail.com	
15		
16	Adam D. Wieder Barry C. Groveman	Attorneys for Cross-Defendants Michael Bradbury; Heidi Bradbury; and The
17	Ryan Hiete Groveman Hiete LLP	Heidi Gramkow Trustf
18	35 East Union Street, Suite B Pasadena, CA 91103	
19	Tel (626) 747-9383	
	Fax (626) 747-9370 awieder@grovemanhiete.com	
20	bgroveman@grovemanhiete.com rhiete@grovemanhiete.com	
21		Attornova for Cross Defendant
22	Peter A. Goldenring Mark R. Pachowicz	Attorneys for Cross-Defendant The Manfred Krankl and Elaine V. Krankl
23	Pachowicz Goldenring PLC 6050 Seahawk Street	Living Trust
24	Ventura, CA 93003-6622 Tel. (805) 642-6702	
25	Fax (805) 642-3145	
26	attorneys@gopro-law.com peter@pglaw.law	
	mark@pglaw.law	
27		
28		- 28 -

1	COUNSEL	PARTIES
2		
3	Ernest J. Guadiana Elkins Kalt Weintraub Reuben Gartside LLP 10345 W. Olympic Boulevard	Attorneys for Michael Lombardo and Charles L. Ward III, as Co-Trustees of the Ward-Lombardo Living Trust
4	Los Angeles, CA 90064 Tel. (310) 746-4425	
5	eguadiana@elkinskalt.com	
6	David L. Osias, Esq. Allen Matkins Leck Gamble Mallory & Natsis	Attorneys for Cross-Defendant Jeff Bacon as Trustee of the Villa Nero Trust
7	LLP One America Plaza	Dated January 25, 2000
8	600 West Broadway, 27thFloor San Diego, CA 92101-0903	
9	Tel. (619) 233-1155 Fax (619) 233-1158	
10	dosias@allenmatkins.com	
11	Bryan M. Sullivan, Esq.	Attorneys for Cross-Defendant
12	EARLY SULLIVAN WRIGHT GIZER & McRAE LLP	Jeff Bacon as Trustee of the Villa Nero Trust Dated January 25, 2000
13	6420 Wilshire Boulevard, 17thFloor Los Angeles, CA 90048	Dated January 25, 2000
14	Tel. (323) 301-4660 bsullivan@earlysullivan.com	
15		
16	Justin M. Alvarez Lamdien T. Le	Attorneys for Cross-Defendant Rancho Sueño, LLC
17	The Alvarez Firm, A Law Corporation 24005 Ventura Boulevard	
18	Calabasas, CA 91302 Tel. (818) 224-7077	
19	Fax (818) 224-1380 jalvarez@alvarezfirm.com	
20	dle@alvarezfirm.com	
21	Patrick L. Rendon Lamb and Kawakami LLP	Attorneys for Real Party in Interest Emily V. Brown
22	333 South Grand Avenue, Suite 4200 Los Angeles, CA 90071	
23	Tel. (213) 630-5500 Fax: (213) 630-5555	
24	prendon@lkfirm.com	
25		
26		
27		
28	- 29	-

1	COUNSEL	PARTIES
2		
3	Guy C. Nicholson Matthew L. Venezia Brown George Ross LLP	Attorneys for Petrochem Development I, LLC
4	2121 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 2800 Los Angeles, CA 90067	
5	Tel: (310) 274-7100 gnicholson@bgrfirm.com	
6	mvenezia@bgrfirm.com	
7	Karen A. Feld Daniel S. Roberts	Attorneys for Cross-Defendant Ventura Unified School Distric
8	Cole Huber LLP 3401 Centrelake Drive, Suite 670	
9	Ontario, CA 91761 Tel: (909) 230-4209	
10	Fax: (909) 937-2034 kfeld@colehuber.com	
11	droberts@colehuber.com	
12	David A. Ossentjuk Ossentjuk & Botti	Attorney for Cross-Defendant Robert Martin
13	2815 Townsgate Road, Suite 320 Westlake Villge, CA 91361	
14	Tel: (805) 557-8081 Fax: (805) 456-7884	
15	DOssentjuk@oandblawyers.com David R. Greifinger	Attorneys for Cross-Defendants
16	Law Offices of David R. Greifinger 15515 West Sunset Blvd., #214	Danny Everett and Tiarzha Taylor
17	Pacific Palisades, CA 90272 Tel.: (424) 330-0193	
18	tracklaw@me.com	
19	Matthew Haffner Haffner Law Group	Attorneys for Cross-Defendant Susan Moll
20	86 S. Laurel Street Ventura, CA 93001	Susaii Moli
21	Tel. (805) 641-9334 Fax (805) 980-5014	
22	mhaffner@haffnerlawgroup.com	
23	Henry D. Finkelstein Brian Moskal	Attorneys for Ginnetti Living Trust, and Baldwin Ranch, LLC
24	Greenberg Glusker Fields Claman &	Baldwill Railcii, LLC
25	Machtinger LLP 2049 Century Park East, Suite 2600	
26	Los Angeles, CA 90067 Tel. (310) 553-3610	
27	Fax (310) 553.0687 hfinkelstein@ggfirm.com	
28	bmoskal@greenbergglusker.com	30 -

COUNSEL	PARTIES
Tiernan Dornan 995 Riverside Street Ventura, CA 93001 tdolan@hacityventura.org	Attorneys for Cross-Defendants Housing Authority of the City of San Buenaventura, Triad Properties, Inc., Encanto Del Mar Apartments, L.P., Villages at Westview LLP, Vista Del Mar Commons, LP, and Soho Associates, L.P.
Christopher Danch 16200 Maricopa Highway Ojai, CA 93023 Tel. (805) 640-8534 chrisdanch@gmail.com	Attorney for Cross-Defendants Angie Marie Genasci and Christopher Paul Danch, Trustees of the Genasci-Danch Family Trust; and Donald and Wendy Givens
Andrew K. Whitman 821 N. Signal Street Ojai, CA 93023 Tel. (805) 444-5671 sfreberg@scr-legaliner.com	In pro per and Atty for Cross-Defendants Andrew K. Whitman and Heidi A. Whitman; Nancy L. Whitman; John R. Whitman and Nancy L. Whitman Family Trust
Paul R. Huff The Huff Law Firm APC 21 S. California Street, Suite 205 Ventura, CA 93001 Tel. (805) 667-8940 Fax (805) 850-7399 phuff@hufffirm.com	Attorneys for Barnard Properties, LLC
William Slaughter Slaughter, Reagan & Cole, LLP 625 East Santa Clara Street, Suite 101 Ventura, CA 93001 Tel. (805) 658-7800 Fax (805) 644-2131 slaughter@srllplaw.com	Attorneys for The Boyd S. Dron and Karin Dron Joint Living Trust, and Sisar Mutual Water Company
Thomas Adams Adams & Associates 21781 Ventura Boulevard, Suite 10005 Woodland Hills, CA 93003 Tel. (805) 229-1529 tom@adamsassocs.com	Attorneys for Cross-Defendant 235 La Luna Owners, an unincorporated association
Robert Turnage 9902 Sulphur Mountain Road Ojai, CA 93023 Tel. (916) 837-3907 Robert.turnage@sbcglobal.net	Authorized Representative for Cross- Defendant Meher Mount Corporation

- 31 -

COUNSEL	PARTIES
Hermitage Mutual Water Company, and Santa Ana Ranch, Inc. Attn: J. Roger Essick 2955 Hermitage Road Ojai, CA 93023 Tel. (805) 320-1406 rogeressick@gmail.com	Dennis W. Corte Nadine A. Corte 12812 MacDonald Drive Ojai, CA 93023 Tel: (805) 701-1950 dwcorte@outlook.com
Julie A. Baker 2193 Maricopa Hwy Ojai, CA 93023 (805) 646-8700 Jandjbaker2@gmail.com	Jacob Slujter Rabindra Singh Secretary and Co-Chair Krishnamurti Foundation of America 1070 McAndrew Road Ojai, CA 93023 Tel: (805) 646-2726 ED@KFA.org
The Joseph Fedele 1995 Living Trust, Oriana Marie Fedele, Trustee Attn. Oriana Fedele P.O. Box 298 Lahaina, HI 96767 Tel. (818) 601-3161 orianafedele@gmail.com	T&D Nevada Trust Dennis and Antoinette Mitchell Mitchell Homes Inc. P.O. Box 360 Ojai, CA 93024 (805) 340-2890 amitc74383@aol.com
Michaela Boehm 12293 Topa Lane Santa Paula, CA 93060 Tel. (323) 493-3737 micboehm@me.com	Anthonie M. Voogd 918 Palomar Road Ojai, CA93023 Tel. (805) 646-1512 avoogd@stanfordalumni.org
Martin Hartmann Whitney Hartmann 430 S. Carrillo Road Ojai, CA 93023 Tel. (805) 798-2253 earthbuilding@gmail.com	Robert K. Cartin Cartin Family LLC 505 Estremoz Ct. Oceanside, CA 92057 Tel. (760) 429-4738 bob.cartin@dvm.com
Lawrence S. Mihalas Trustees of the Mihalas Family Trust 419 21st Place Santa Monica, CA 90402 Tel. (310) 739-0700 lmihalas@gmail.com lmihalas@ucla.edu	Heather Blair 556 So. Fair Oaks Ave., Ste 101 Box 356 Pasadena, CA 91105 Tel. (626) 755-6566 Hblair1946@gmail.com

COUNSEL	PARTIES
Loa E. Bliss Loa E. Bliss 2006 Revocable Trust 9030 Ojai Santa Paula Road Ojai, CA 93023 Tel: (617) 750-8500 loabliss@hotmail.com	Del Cielo LLC Attn. Tim Carey, Managing Member 22410 Hawthorne Boulevard, Suite 5 Torrance, CA 90505 Tel. (310) 787-6569 tim@calvoterguide.com
Janice and Jesse Hillestad 9611 Ventura Avenue Ventura, CA 93001 Tel.: (310) 614-8438 janicehillestad@icloud.com jessehillestad@gmail.com	Kelton Lee Gibson 878 Oak Grove Court Ojai, CA 93023 Tel. (805) 701-9318 kgibson@mwgjlaw.com kgibson878@gmail.com Kelton Lee Gibson, Trustee of the Gibson Family Trust, dated June 6, 2006
Rebecca C. Collins Thomas M. Collins, Jr. 241 Longhorn Lane Ojai, CA 93023 Tel. 805-312-5894 tominojai@gmail.com collinst3@sbcglobal.net	George and Sigrid Bressler 340 Longhorn Lane Ojai, CA 93023 Tel. (805) 646-1221 andybsail@gmail.com
Claude R. and Patricia E. Baggerly 119 S. Poli Avenue Ojai, CA 93023-2144 Tel. (805) 646-0767 Tel. (805) 766-7317 russ.baggerly65@gmail.com	Harry D. Sims and Raymond P. Sims P.O. Box 1870 Ojai, CA 93024 Tel. (805) 646-0167 1978simsfamilytrust@gmail.com
Alessandro (Alex) Lobba Alessandro Lobba and Mary E. Jackson, individually as Trustees of the Lobba-Jackson Family Trust 947 Casitas Vista Road Ventura, CA 93001 Tel. (805) 895)-7056 alobba@gmail.com	Judith L. Mercer c/o of Jason Goldman Mercer Family Trust Agreement of 1992 1175 Grand Avenue Ojai, CA 93023 Tel. (310) 625-7795 jgoldman@begroup.com
Christine Steiner 2560 Ladera Road Ojai, CA 93023 Tel. (31) 600-3220 csteiner@csteinerlaw.com	Julia Taft-Whitman, President CEO Taft Corporation' 111 West Topa Topa Street Ojai, CA 93023 Tel. (805) 794-2837 juliawhitman@gmail.com
- 3/1	

1	COUNSEL	PARTIES
2		
3	Jaide Whitman, President Julia Whitman, Director	Kelley M. Rasmussen, Trustee 2420 Park Road
4	Conservation Endowment Fund	Lake Oswego, OR 97034
	P.O. Box 6 Oak View, CA 93022	Tel. (805) 798-7125 kelleyras@gmail.com
5	Tel. (805) 649-2333 Tel. (805) 804-7005	
6	jaide.whitman@gmail.com	
7	<u>TaftGardensOffice@gmail.com</u>	
8	William E. Colborn, Jr. 13183 Ojai Road	Angela Small Booth, Attorney 2175 Valley Meadow Drive
9	Santa Paula, CA 93060	Oak View, CA 93022
	Tel. (805) 795-1909 jake@colbornandassociates.com	Tel. (805) 765-5413 angie@angiesmall.org
10		
11	Rebecca Tickell 350 Verano Drive	Joshua Beckman 913 Oso Road
12	Ojai, CA 93023 Tel. (323) 559-5700	Ojai, CA 93023 Tel. (323) 404-0465
13	rebecca@bigpictureranch.com	joshbfbp@gmail.com
	Gregg S. Garrison and Rosanna Garrison	Robert L. Smith
14	Garrison Law Corporation 12986 MacDonald Drive	12777 Tree Ranch Road Ojai, CA 93023
15	Ojai, CA 93023	Tel. (805) 558-6322
16	Tel. (650) 726-1111 Fax: (805) 669-3168	treeranch@ymail.com
17	gsgarrison@garrisonlawcorp.com	
18	Susan M. Glennon	Robin Schwartzburd
	292 Cruzero Street Ojai, CA 93023	411 Franklin Drive Ojai, CA 93023
19	Tel. (805) 646-4816	Tel. (805) 272-5877
20	theglennonnest@aol.com	robin.schwartzburd@gmail.com
21	Melinda Hass 11947 Koenigstein Road	Malinda K. Vaughn Mitchell B. Vaughn
22	Santa Paula, CA 93060	12283 Ojai Santa Paula Road
	Tel. (213) 713-4360 mlynnbooking@gmail.com	Ojai, CA 93023-9323 Tel. (805) 890-6616
23		Vaughnmb@aol.com
24	Rebecca D. Schwermer	Jennifer Jordan Day and Joel Fox
25	P. O. Box 174 Santa Paula, CA 93061	909 North Rice Road Ojai, CA 93023
26	Tel. (805) 551-3494	Tel. (213) 321-5253
27	octoberbabies2@verizon.net	jenniferjordanday@gmail.com
28	-	35 -

1	CONNERV	D.A. DETATO
2	COUNSEL	PARTIES
3	Laura R. Schreiner, a.k.a Laura Rearwin 418 Crestview Drive Ojai, CA 93023	Paul J. Deneen 12170 Ojai Santa Paula Road Ojai, CA 93023-9358
4	Tel. (805) 479-5400 laura@rearwin.com	Tel. (805) 218-0211 paul@carbide.com
5		
6	Jennifer Carafelli Robin Schwartzburd	Timothy Mahoney 10244 Ojai Santa Paula Road
7	211 Village Commons Boulevard, No. 21 Camarillo, CA 93012	Ojai, CA 93023 Tel. (323) 252-3309
8	Tel. (805) 340-2540 carafelli@gmail.com	honedog@mac.com
9		D 1 4 7 1
10	Salvatore Scarpato 106 Calhoun Lane Georgetown, TX 78633	Robert Kyle The Robert Kyle Living Trust 715 Sunset Place
11	Tel. (805) 797-8767 salscarpato@att.net	Ojai, CA 93023
12		Tel. (626) 260-5509 robertkyle61@gmail.com
13	William R. Thatcher 12195 Linda Flora Drive	David Bishop Sophie Loire
14	Ojai, CA 93023-9723	Tel. (805) 403-5370
15	thelostplanetairmen@yahoo.com	frenchiephotos@yahoo.com
16	Chet Hilgers Mellanie Hilgers	Stephanie Gustafson Tel. (805) 646-1423
17	mellaniehilgers@gmail.com	sgustafson@ovs.org
18	Kristi Schoeld Neil Jorgensen	Linda J.G. MacDougall, Trustee of The Linda J.G. MacdDugall Living Trust
19	Tel. (805)272-8360 neilkristi@googlemail.com	Marsha Kee Strong-Chandler Richard Holt Robinson
20		119 E. Channel Islands Blvd. Port Hueneme, CA 93041
21		(805) 202-6379 speakerholistic@gmail.com
22	Gerrold Grigsby	Claire S. Brian and Brad D. Brian, Trustees
23	Karen Grigsby 9799 Ojai Santa Paula Road	of the Brad & Claire Brian Living Trust, Roes 30 and 31
24	Ojai, CA 93023 Tel. (805) 649-1624	1150 So Arroyo Blvd. Pasadena, CA 91105
25	grigsbyranch@gmail.com	cbrian8587@gmail.com brad.brian@mto.com
26		
27		
28	- 37	<u> </u>

COUNSEL	PARTIES
Michael W. Price, Trustee of the Michael W. Price Trust, Roe 197 Leslie L. Clark, Trustee of the Leslie L. Clark Trust, Roe 51 10886 Creek Rd Ojai, CA 93023 michael@nomadgal.com leslie@nomadgal.com	Stacey Birchfield Double Vision Development, LLC 1810 Miramar Drive Ventura, CA 93001 Tel. (805) 340-0929 stacey.birchfield@gmail.com
Kathleen Janetatos Smith, Trustee of the Smith Family 2020 Revocable Trust dated January 3, 2020, Roe 426 Tel. (805) 844-2093 kathismith@sbcglobal.net	Erin E. Holebrook Jerald M. Montoya Steven J. Dadaian Erick L. Solares Julie Del Rivo Tucker Wisdom-Stack 100 South Main Street, 1300 Los Angeles, California 90012-3702 Tel. (213) 687-6000 Fax (213) 687-8300 Tucker.Wisdom-Stack@dot.ca.gov
VIA U.S. FIRST	CLASS MAIL
Salvatore Scarpato 106 Calhoun Lane Georgetown, TX 78633 (805) 797-8767	Warren W. Greene Bonnie M. Greene 958 East Maine Street Ventura, CA 93001 Tel. (805) 652-1080 Fax (805) 652-0400
	Lewis A. Enstedt 12617 MacDonald Drive Ojai, CA 93023 Tel. (310) 613-3937

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