ANDREW K. WHITMAN (SBN 128358)	17.0 a 5.00	erveXpress
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In Pro Per and Attorney for Heidi A. Whitman, Nancy Whitman, and		
John R. Whitman and Nancy L. Whitman Family	Trust	
SUPERIOR COURT OF THE	STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
FOR THE COUNTY		
SANTA BARBARA CHANNELKEEPER,	Case No. 19STCP01176	
a California non-profit corporation,	Assigned to Judge William F. Highberger Dept.: 10	
Petitioner,	Complaint filed: September 19, 2014	
V.	Complaint med. September 19, 2014	
STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL	CROSS DEFENDANTS ANDREW K.	
BOARD, A CALIFORNIA STATE AGENCY; CITY OF SAN BUENAVENTURA, a	WHITMAN, HEIDI A. WHITMAN, NANCY L. WHITMAN AND JOHN R.	
California municipal corporation, incorrectly named as CITY OF BUENAVENTURA,	AND NANCY L. WHITMAN FAMILY TRUST'S OBJECTION TO PROPOSED	
	PHYSICAL SOLUTION	
Respondents.		
CITY OF SAN BUENAVENTURA, a California municipal corporation,		
Cross-Complainant,		
V.		
DUNCAN ABBOTT, an individual, et al.		
Cross-Defendants.		
I am personally a gross defendant and aver	her of land in Ojai and an owner of groundwater	
rights. My clients are in the same category excep		
inglitish may ellents are in the same category excep	and the property owned	

by her Trust, are not within the groundwater basin encompassed by this litigation. At this point there is no mechanism for a maliciously or mistakenly joined party to extract from the litigation. My clients and I first appeared in the action January 28, 2021. It isn't entirely clear at this point abundantly what deprivation of rights a landowner with groundwater rights such as myself or my clients may suffer if the City of Ventura is allowed to push through a physical solution/settlement of claims. Preliminarily, my clients and I do not wish to concede anything to the City of Ventura, wish to have the City of Ventura's use of Ventura River water controlled (reduced) and wish to have our current or future use of our own water rights preserved.

The physical solution is premature – literally thousands of Ojai Valley landowners have 9 just recently answered the City of Ventura's Cross-Complaint. This Court's prior orders have acknowledged that there are many more Ojai landowners who have yet to appear in this action. Each of the landowner cross-defendants should be allowed ample time to understand the issues 12 and ramifications of the proposed physical solution as well as the original Complaint by SB 13 Channel Keepers and the other causes of action. There is a legion of cross-defendants who are 14 15 simply landowners, with associated water rights that have never been invoked (the landowners aren't currently using their water rights). This category of cross-defendant needs time to 16 determine if they require legal representation. They need time to potentially identify other landowners with common interests and potentially pool their resources and enter into joint 18 Co-ordinated defenses and consolidated defense and joint representation agreements. 19 representation would save the Court extensive time and judicial efficiency. Furthermore, the 20 impact of the proposed physical solution cannot be understood without expert advice and time is needed to retain experts on behalf of the landowner cross-defendants. The proposed physical 22 solution is a complicated issue and made even more so by the interaction of the original complaint by SB Channelkeeper and the other causes of action. The Court itself has expressed its own 24 concern regarding the interplay of the various causes of action and how due process rights of all 25 participants may be impacted. The City's rush to a "solution" feels like an effort to obtain 26 permanent benefits before the cross-defendants even know what hit them. Substantial time is 27

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required - 180 days is suggested but not less than 90 days - before the landowner cross-defendants 2 should be expected or required to respond/comment on the physical solution.

Before Any Physical Solution Can Be Agreeable to Impacted Cross Defendant Landowners, The Solution Must Incorporate Control of the Volume of Water Used by The City of Ventura.

This litigation arose out of excessive use of Ventura River water by the City of Ventura. A public interest group (SB Channelkeeper) sued the City of Ventura because the City's excessive use of Ventura River water was damaging the environment, including, but not limited to, steel head trout. The detrimental impacts to the Ventura River should have been addressed in environmental impact reports as the City of Ventura has unleased unmitigated growth and increased water demands against the entire water system and region over the last decade and more. I am not a land use attorney and perhaps the regional impacts of water use are not encompassed by the issuance of building permits. However, the City of Ventura has filed suit to bring about a regional solution to water usage and that should provide a vehicle to impose regionwide controls on current and future water usage and on applications and permits for development.

Despite the SB Channelkeeper lawsuit, the City of Ventura has not taken measures to control its water use. The City continuously and aggressively issues new development permits within the City of Ventura. This inevitably results in increased demand on water in the Ventura River and on the entire region. The water supply is not unlimited and current usage apparently outstrips the supply (look at the level of Lake Casitas - the principal water storage facility in the region). Yet development permits continue to be issued by the City of Ventura and the demands on the regional water supply are increased thereby. If the current causes of action before this Court do not incorporate the legal ability for a solution to control or enjoin the City of Ventura use of Ventura River water (and regional water) then a new cause of action and/or cross-complaint needs to be included within the present proceedings so that the issue can be litigated. This is another reason that additional time is necessary. No physical solution can be considered without a mechanism to control if and when the City of Ventura places additional demands on the Ventura River and regional water resources.

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At this early stage of my involvement in this litigation (a little more than 30 days), I cannot say what legal doctrine allows implementation of controls/limitations on City of Ventura development. However, it seems likely that equitable law demands that a solution includes such controls. Perhaps the unclean hands doctrine is the correct legal vehicle, since any physical solution would necessarily require use of this Court's equitable powers. If unclean hands is not the correct vehicle, then there must be another appropriate legal doctrine that applies. In general, in equity every wrong must have a remedy. As part of any regional inspection of the Ventura River and regional basin by this Court, this Court should survey the City of Ventura and the extensive development that has been recently completed or is still in process. The Court should also mandate reports from the City concerning current and future development and how it will impact water supply and demand in the entire basin. Without knowing the demands the City of Ventura is currently placing on regional water the Court cannot consider the propriety of a solution.

In contrast to Ventura water usage, the entire Ojai Valley basin has been in a virtual moratorium prohibiting development. This is primarily because of air quality and traffic congestion issues. Ask any cross-defendant and they will tell you that their ability to subdivide their land has been precluded by County of Ventura or City of Ojai planning departments. Ironically, the City of Ventura is suing its neighbors to control their water usage when it is the City's own greedy use of water and poor planning that led to the necessity of a solution. The alleged need for a "solution" to Ventura River water and the associated Ojai groundwater basin is primarily caused by the lack of responsible management of development and future water use by the City of Ventura. This would seem to provide the Court with equitable authority to deny the City any equitable relief (in the form of the proposed solution).

When Greta Thunberg addressed the UN in 2019 her comments were directed at Nations, but her comments were just as applicable, if not more, to local governments who behave like the City of Ventura.

"You have stolen my dreams and my childhood with your empty words and yet I'm one of the lucky ones," Thunberg told the United Nations Climate Action Summit. "People are suffering. People are dying. Entire ecosystems are collapsing. We are in the beginning of a mass extinction and all you can talk about is money and fairytales of eternal economic growth. How dare you."

The City of Ventura obviously views the fairytale of continuous development as the engine for economic security for its citizens. However, as Ms. Thunberg stated so precisely, economic prosperity is not sustainable and there is a severe cost. The cost is to our future and everyone and everything that shares the planet. With respect to subject matter of this litigation, the excessive draft that the City of Ventura takes against the Ventura River and the water basin in general is a toll that must be accounted for, curbed, and controlled. It implicates both economic justice and environmental justice. While the City of Ventura and its citizens profit from the use of Ventura River water and regional water resources, the outliers (everybody not in the City limits) are constrained in the opportunity for profitable use. The City of Ventura is a parasite on the region and its plans for the Ventura River and the water basin appear to include subservience by the Ojai landowners. Any such solution is unjust and cannot be allowed.

All City Of Ventura Landowners Should Be Joined As Defendants In Any Solution/Adjudication.

Ojai landowners with groundwater rights were dragged into this litigation kicking and screaming (and at great expense). It is only fair and equitable that every City of Ventura landowner with water rights should also be part of any solution/settlement. As framed by the City, they expect only the Ojai basin landowners to submit to the solution. However, because the reason for this litigation is to secure water usage and water rights for the City of Ventura, every landowner within the City's jurisdiction should also be a party and a part of the solution. Their rights to groundwater and riparian water should be incorporated into a regional solution under the same rational the mandated the participation of Ojai landowners. Furthermore, Ventura residents benefit financially and disproportionately under the City's unbridled and unabashed use of regional water. Any equitable solution would require that any additional development in the City of Ventura would come from the water currently allocated to use by Ventura users. It is more

equitable that Ventura residents be asked to ration their water use than it is to adjudicate the rights of Ojai landowners who are not enjoying profit from development. Alternatively, an appropriate solution to Ventura's future water use may include acquisition of water through desalination or purchase of water from sources outside the region. The cost of such acquisition should be borne by Ventura landowners and citizens. 5

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A Solution Must Exclude the City of Ventura as a Decision Maker or Monitor

Although it is not entirely clear at this early stage of my involvement, it seems that the City of Ventura wants to place itself at the head of the table in terms of water management decisions for the region moving forward. This places the proverbial fox in the position of guarding the henhouse. The City is the primary bad actor with respect to the water debacle that led to the SB Channelkeeper lawsuit. The bad actor, the actor with unclean hands, should not have a seat at the table. The City's cross-complaint puts in issue the fact that water usage is a regional concern. Any body governing future regional use and the allocation of water usage in this region should be composed of persons/entities with regional interests at heart. The City of Ventura has a conflict of interest when it comes to managing regional water resources. The various water districts also should not be at the table of regional decision making (except in a minor advisory role). The water district that supplies my water has made it abundantly clear that my interests as a landowner with water rights are not of their concern. The local water districts also have a conflict of interest, do not represent the interests of landowner/rights holders and should be disqualified from participation and decision making concerning regional water management.

An Independent Water Expert Should Be Involved in Any Solution.

This Court should have the benefit of an expert concerning regional riparian and groundwater supply and demand. The Court should not rely upon any expert tendered by the City (fox guarding the hen house) or any other litigant. The Court should devise a method for selecting a water expert to assist the Court with understanding complicated science based issues. The selection of the expert should be based upon scientific qualifications, knowledge and experience concerning water resources and water use in the region (including historical resources and usage).

The selected expert should have a reputation for fairness and broad concern for all competing interests in the region. The expense of the expert should be paid entirely by the City (the City's cross-complaint has created the need for the Court to have the benefit of independent technical and scientific advice).

Of course, the City and any other litigant or interested party can present the testimony of a retained expert whenever the need arises. The circumstances are akin to medical malpractice litigation where the standard of care is not something a judge or jury is expected to know. The Court is being asked to assess and formulate equitable rulings concerning a complex regional water basin, and fair and impartial expert assistance to the Court is warranted by what the City has placed in issue. The situation is different than the typical adversarial litigated case with the experts being supplied by the litigants. The Court must take into consideration broader regional interests not just the interests of the parties to the litigation.

The Court Should Develop A Special Procedure For Extracting Landowners Erroneously Joined As Cross Defendants.

One of my clients owns property that is not within the Ojai/Ventura River water basin. The client has riparian and groundwater rights, but it is undisputable that the riparian and hence the ground water eventually flows, through Santa Paula and to the Santa Clara River. There should be a mechanism to summarily extract my client from the litigation. Perhaps a questionnaire? Perhaps the Court's independent expert (prior paragraph) can assess landowners who contest that they have any association with the Ventura River or greater Ojai Groundwater basin.

Every Landowner Cross-Defendant Must be Afforded The Right to Discovery and a Right to Trial before the Court Endorses a Solution.

The proposed solution purposefully places the cart before the horse. It seeks adjudication of matters that will or may have long term impacts for the region and the landowner cross-defendants.

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